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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/001,674	10/31/2001	K.P. Ho	25821P034	3183
8791	7590 05/06/2004		EXAM	INER
	SOKOLOFF TAYLOR	KIELIN,	KIELIN, ERIK J	
12400 WILSHIRE BOULEVARD, SEVENTH FLOOR LOS ANGELES, CA 90025			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,		2813	
			DATE MAILED: 05/06/2004	1

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

-		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/001,674	HO ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	1			
		Erik Kielin	2813	BW			
Period fo	Th MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	n appears on the cover sh	eet with the correspondence a	ddress			
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication of period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by streply received by the Office later than three months after the ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, on. a reply within the statutory minimur eriod will apply and will expire SIX ( statute, cause the application to be	may a reply be timely filed  n of thirty (30) days will be considered time (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this of come ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ely. communication.			
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	27 February 2004.					
2a)⊠	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)	This action is non-final.					
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
<b>4</b> )⊠ 5)□	Claim(s) <u>1-34</u> is/are pending in the applica 4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>3-34</u> is/are without Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1 and 2</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	Irawn from consideration					
Applicat	ion Papers						
9)[	The specification is objected to by the Exa	miner.					
10)	☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the control of the cath or declaration is objected to by the						
Priority (	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docur 2. Certified copies of the priority docur 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International Buse the attached detailed Office action for a	ments have been receive ments have been receive priority documents have ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a))	d. d in Application No been received in this National	l Stage			
2) 🔲 Notic 3) 🔯 Infor	t(s) se of References Cited (PTO-892) se of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S or No(s)/Mail Date 2/27/2004.	B/08) Pap Pap Pot	erview Summary (PTO-413) er No(s)/Mail Date ice of Informal Patent Application (PT er:	O-152)			

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

This action responds to the Amendment filed 27 February 2004.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US 6,128,053 (Brandt et al.) in view of JP 3-118517 (Fujii) and JP 6-260265 (Ueda).

Regarding claim 1, Brandt discloses a heater 11 for an LCD display comprising

- (i) and (ii) a dummy cell 1 (called "passive liquid crystal cell" in Brandt at the paragraph bridging cols. 3-4) adapted for use in the LCD,
  - (iii) said dummy cell 1 comprising two substrates 2, 3 with liquid crystal therebetween;
  - (iv) a heater 11;
- (v) said heater 11 comprising a transparent conductive electrode 9 which may be ITO (col. 4, lines 50-51) --as further limited by instant claim 2;
- (vi) wherein there are two conductive electrodes for the heater, one at each respective opposite side of the layer (Figs. 4-5; col. 6, lines 18-33 especially the last sentence);
- (viii) the heater 11 embedded in the dummy cell 1. (See also, col. 3, lines 27-43 and col. 4, lines 48-56 and the figures.

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**Brandt** does not teach using item (vii), the electrically conductive spacing means of said dummy cell for simultaneously maintaining a desired cell gap and equalizing the electric potential between said two substrates.

Fujii teaches the benefits of using conductive spacers to equalize the potential thereby preventing electrostatic charge build up on the substrates of the liquid crystal cell that distorts the image.

It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention to use the conductive spacers of Fujii in the liquid crystal cells of Brandt to prevent image distortion, as taught by Fujii.

Then the only difference is that **Brandt** does not teach that the electrodes are secured to the ITO heater layer 9 using a conductive adhesive.

Ueda teaches a heating element having especially uniform heating characteristics formed by applying metal electrodes 7 along opposing edges of a transparent conductive sheet 1 using conductive adhesive 9.

It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention to use the electrode configuration in **Ueda** as that in **Brandt** to gain uniform heating and thereby better image quality.

## Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments filed 27 February 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

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Regarding the restriction requirement, Applicant indicates that claims 3-34 have been amended to be drawn to the elected invention. Examiner respectfully disagrees. Only the preambles have been amended and the claims are still very clear drawn to an LCD. That the preamble --which does **not** have patentable weight-- was amended to recite a heater instead of LCD, while the claims remain drawn to the LCD does not change the fact that the claims are drawn to the LCD --**not** to the heater.

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More importantly, Applicant has apparently disregarded the restriction requirement filed 24 April 2003 which clearly indicated that Applicant was required to elect a single species in Group II (i.e. claims 3-34). It would appear that Applicant's attempt to modify the claims 3 to 34 is an attempt to avoid the restriction requirement. Applicant elected the invention of Group I, claims 1 and 2, in the paper filed 28 July 2003, without traverse. The invention of Group II is separate from Group I for reasons already of record. Accordingly, claims 3-34 stand withdrawn from further consideration as being drawn to non-elected species. The claims 3-34 may be entitled to rejoinder. They will not however, be considered until the allowance of a generic claim.

4. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1 and 2 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

#### Conclusion

5. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Erik Kielin whose telephone number is 571-272-1693. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00 - 19:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Carl Whitehead, Jr. can be reached on 571-272-1702. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Exil Kulvi Erik Kielin

Primary Examiner

4 May 2004